



06002296

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

8-49567

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: October 31, 2004 Estimated everage burden

hours per response.....12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-049657

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder	the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder	

		NDING DEC	ember 31, 2005
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mission	on Securities Corporation		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
6255 Lusk Blvd., Suite 140			
	(No and Street)		
San Diego,	California		92121
(City)	(State)	(Z)p	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF I Craig Biddick	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD T	O THIS REPO	RT (858) 638-7500
		(A	rea Code - Telephone Number)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	Ī	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in this Repo	rt*	
Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Po	•		
	iblic Accountants		
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n	ans)	
9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7		ans)	91324
9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 (Address)	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n		(Zin Code)
(Address)	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n Northridge	CA	PROCESS!
(Address)	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n Northridge	CA	PROCESS!
(Address) CHECK ONE:	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n Northridge	CA	PROCESSI MAR 1 7 20
(Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n Northridge	CA	
(Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n Northridge (City)	CA	PROCESSI MAR 1 7 20 THOMSU
(Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle in Northridge (City) nited States or any of its possessions.	CA	PROCESSI MAR 1 7 20 THOMSU

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Wale 106

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Craig Biddick	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statems Mission Securities Corporation	ant and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31, 2005 neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	need of discrete has any properties in the est in any account
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	The State of the s
State of Charles and All Control of State State Control	Signature
Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to	president
efore methis 5 day of 100, 06.	Title
(X)	·
Notary Public	LINDA L. SMITH Comm. # 1465328
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	O FEED NOTARY PUBLIC CALIFORNIA VI
(a) Facing Page.	Son Diego County bly Comm. Expires FEB. 26,2008
 Ø (b) Statement of Financial Condition. Ø (c) Statement of Income (Loss) 	
(d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows	
🔯 (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Pai	
 (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to (g) Computation of Net Capital. 	Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re	
 (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ 	of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the firements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(i) An Ozin of Antimation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous aud

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portlons of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Mission Securities Corporation

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mission Securities Corporation as of December 31, 2005 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mission Securities Corporation as of December 31, 2005 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relating to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in conformity with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California January 25, 2006

We Focus & Care SM

Mission Securities Corporation Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2005

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations Marketable securities, at fair market value Furniture, equipment & leasehold improvements, net Total assets	\$ 	8,085 27,606 78,845 12,692
Total assets	<u> </u>	127,220
Liabilities & Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	20,295
Total liabilities		20,295
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, \$10 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized,		
1,000 shares issued, and outstanding		10,000
Additional paid-in capital		259,350
Accumulated deficit		(162,417)
Total stockholder's equity		106,933
Total liabilities & stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	127,228

Mission Securities Corporation Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues

Commissions Management fees Unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities Realized gains (losses) on marketable securities Interest & dividends Other income	\$ 90,974 64,823 59,626 14,955 444 27,274
Total revenues	258,096
Expenses	
Commissions and floor brokerage Communications	83,661 3,941
Occupancy and equipment rental	28,561
Taxes, licenses, & fees, other than income	10,311
Other operating expenses	104,014
Total expenses	230,488
Income before income taxes	27,608
Income tax provision	800
Net income (loss)	\$ 26,808

-2-

Mission Securities Corporation Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	_	Common Stock	Additional Paid - In (<u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings Accumulated Deficit)		Total
Balance at December 31, 2004	\$	10,000	\$ 217,650	\$ (179,825)	\$	47,825
Issuance of additional paid—in capital			41,700	_		41,700
Distributions		_	. –	(9,400)		(9,400)
Net income (loss)		·		26,808		26,808
Balance at December 31, 2005	<u>\$</u>	10,000	\$ 259,350	\$ (162,417)	<u>\$</u>	106,933

-3-

Mission Securities Corporation Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile to net income to net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities.	vities		\$	26,808
Depreciation Unrealized (gains) losses on marketable securities (Increase) decrease in:	(59	3,957 9,626)		
Receivable from broker-dealers & clearing organization Other assets (Decrease) increase in:	•	4,212) 0,100		
Accounts payable Total adjustments		9,694		(60,087)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating	activit	ies		(33,279)
Cash flows from investing activities:				-
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from additional paid—in capital Distributions		1,700 9,400)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities				32,300
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents				(979)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year				9,064
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			<u>\$</u>	8,085
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Income taxes paid \$ Interest \$	8	- 800		

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Mission Securities Corporation (the "Company") was formed on April 16, 1996 in the State of California. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company serves primarily individual customers in Southern California.

The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis whereby the execution and clearance of trades are handled by another Broker/Dealer. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities.

Based upon the income reported, the commissions earned from the sales of stocks, mutual funds and investment company shares represent the major portion of the business.

Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis with the related commission revenues and expenses also recorded on a settlement date basis, except for propriety investment transactions, which are recorded on a trade date basis.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company also includes money market accounts as cash equivalents.

Marketable securities are valued at market value. Mark to market accounting is used for purposes of determining unrealized gain/loss on security positions in proprietary trading and investment accounts. The securities are sold on a first in first out basis.

Receivable from broker-dealers & clearing organizations are stated at face value with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Furniture, equipment & leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Furniture, equipment & leasehold improvements are depreciated over their estimated useful life of five (5) to thirty-nine (39) years by the straight-line method.

The Company, with the consent of its Stockholder, has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the Stockholder is taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum Franchise Tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum Franchise Fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholder's equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

Advertising and promotion costs are expensed as incurred.

Note 2: MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of equities with a fair-market value of \$78,845 at December 31, 2005. The Company also included a net, unrealized gains (losses) of \$59,626 from its investment in securities.

Note 3: FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS, NET

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net, as of December 31, 2005 consisted of the following:

		<u>Life in years</u>	<u>Method</u>
Machinery and equipment	\$ 23,770	7	Straight-line
Leasehold improvements	1,000	39	Straight-line
Furniture and fixtures	3,750	7	Straight-line
Subtotal	28,520		
Less accumulated depreciation	(15,828)		
	<u>\$ 12,692</u>		

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 is \$3,957.

Note 4: INCOME TAXES

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided. The tax provision of \$800 is the California franchise tax minimum.

Note 5: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("FAS 123R"), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all stock-based compensation payments including grants of employee stock options. Stock options are a valuable and important tool used by many companies as a means to motivate employees and promote business growth. This statement eliminates the ability to account for such share-based compensation transactions using the intrinsic value method as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board, or APB, Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and requires that such transactions be reflected in the financial statements based upon the estimated fair value of the awards. In addition, there are a number of other requirements under the new standard that will result in differing accounting treatment than currently required. These differences include, but are not limited to, the accounting treatment for the tax benefit on employee stock options and for stock issued under an employee stock purchase plan. FASB 123R becomes effective for all reports issued after June 15, 2005. Adoption of the new standard has not had a material effect upon the financial statements of the company.

Note 6: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty

Note 7: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$74,586, which was \$69,586 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$20,295) to net capital was 0.27 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio allowed for a broker/dealer.

Note 8: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a \$20,398 material difference between the computation of net capital under net capital Sec. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited focus part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule			\$ 94,984
Adjustments:			
Retained earnings	\$	(20,893)	
Non-allowable assets		495	
Total adjustments			 (20,398)
Net capital per audited sta	atement	ĖS	\$ 74,586

Mission Securities Corporation Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2005

Computation of net capital

Stockholder's equity Common stock \$ 10,000 Additional paid-in capital 259,350 Retained earnings (162,417)	
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 106,933
Less: Non-allowable assets Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net(12,692)	
Net adjustments to stockholder's equity	(12,692)
Net capital before haircuts and undue concentration	94,241
Less: Haircuts and undue concentration Haircuts on securities Undue concentration (11,857) (7,798)	
Total haircuts and undue concentration	(19,655)
Net Capital	74,586
Computation of net capital requirements	
Minimum net capital requirements 6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness Minimum dollar net capital required \$ 1,353 5,000	
Net capital required (greater of above)	(5,000)
Excess net capital	\$ 69,586
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 0.27:1	

There was a \$20,398 material difference between net capital shown here and net capital as reported on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2005. See Note 8.

Mission Securities Corporation Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2005

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Mission Securities Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

Mission Securities Corporation Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2005

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Mission Securities Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

Mission Securities Corporation

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005



Board of Directors Mission Securities Corporation

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplement schedules of Mission Securities Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure, for the purpose for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Mission Securities Corporation including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

We Focus & Care SM

9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 Northridge, California 91324 (818) 886-0940 • Fax (818) 886-1924 www.baicpa.com Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we considered to be material weakness as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Doceate Fr

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California January 25, 2006